Evaluator:	Cat:	Date:
Lvaidatoi.	Cat.	Date.



MI-CAT(V) scoring sheet Montreal Instrument for Cat Arthritis Testing, for Veterinarian use

Assessment Criteria

Degree of Alteration

1. Body Posture	Normal	Mild	Severe/Obvious
A) Hindlimb placement	0	1	3
B) Forelimb flexion	0	1	3
C) Hindlimb flexion	0	1	3
D) Hindlimb weight bearing	0	1	3
2. Gait			
A) Moves slowly with short uneven strides	0	1	3
B) Forelimb stiffness	0	1	3
C) Hindlimb stiffness	0	1	3
D) Forelimb range of motion	0	1	3
E) Hindlimb range of motion	0	1	3
F) Lateral spine movement	0	1	3

3. Obstacles

A) Overhead obstacle at elbow height of cat

(no attempt)

Speed	0 (run)	1 (fast walk)	2 (slow walk)	3 (crawl)	4
Willingness	0 (immediate)	1 (1-2s pause)	2 (2-5s pause)	3 (>5s pause)	4
Scrape loudness	0 (no sound)	1 (slight scrape)	(moderate scrape)	(loud scrape)	4

[Assess when cat is chasing a highly desired object (e.g. treat) when the overhead obstacle]

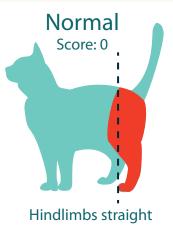
B) Jumping from raised obstacle		(barely perceptible) (perceptible)	(loud)	(no attempt)
	Front feet land heavily	0 1	3	4
	Hind feet land heavily	0 1	3	4

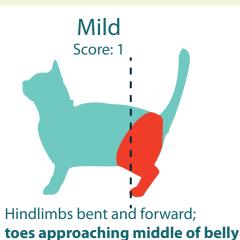
4. Global distance exam

No mobility Worst possible mobility impairment 10

Observe when cat standing still. DO NOT assess when cat moving or rubbing itself against objects or evaluators, playing 1. Body Posture Observe when cat standing still. DO NOT assess when cat moving or rubbing itself against objects or evaluators, plat or any other behaviours that may affect scoring. If one side (left or right) seems differently affected, score the more severely affected side.

1A) Hindlimb placement







1B) Forelimb flexion



Forelimb straight



Forelimb slightly bent



Forelimb obviously bent

1C) Hindlimb flexion



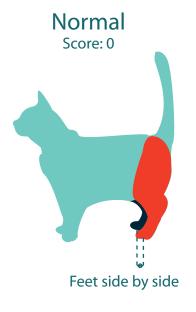


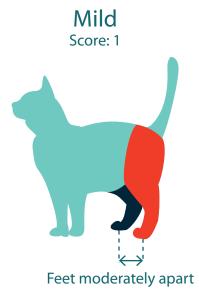
Hindlimbs slightly bent approx > 45° formed between heel and floor

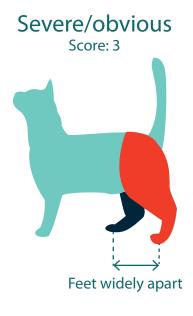


Hindlimbs bent, heel close to ground approx. <45° formed between heel and floor

Observe when cat standing still. DO NOT assess when cat moving or rubbing itself against objects or evaluators, playing 1. Body Posture Observe when cat standing still. DO NOT assess when cat moving or rubbing itself against objects or evaluators, plate or any other behaviours that may affect scoring. If one side (left or right) seems differently affected, score the more severely affected side.

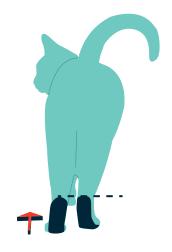






1D) Hindlimb weight bearing

-observe if body weight is evenly distributed on both hindfeet



Feet facing straight forward and heels at similar heights



Feet **facing to side** slightly and/or heels at slightly different heights

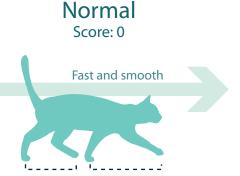


Feet facing to side and/or heels at different heights

2. Gait Observe when cat is walking. DO NOT assess when cat is running (except for 2A), rubbing itself against objects or evaluators, playing or any other behaviours that may affect scoring. If one side (left or right) seems differently affected, score the more severely affected side.

2A) Moves slowly with short uneven strides

-assess speed, quality of movement and overall willingness to move in general or chase desired object (e.g. treats)



Cat runs or trots quickly with long smooth strides; high motivation to move

Mild Score: 1 Fast but uneven strides

Cat runs or trots quickly with short uneven strides; high motivation to move



Cat walks slowly or clumsily; low motivation to move

2B) Forelimb stiffness



Forelimb muscles contract to lift paw and metacarpal bends easily



Forelimb muscles contract to lift paw and metacarpal bends slightly



Forelimb muscles barely contract when lifting paw and metacarpal barely bends

2C) Hindlimb stiffness



Hindlimb stretches forward when taking a step; movement appears fluid



Hindlimb stretches forward slightly when taking a step; movement appears slightly stiff



Angle between tibia and metatarsus stays unchanged; cat appears to be waddling and movement is very stiff

2 Gait Observe when cat is walking. DO NOT assess when cat is running (except for 2A), rubbing itself against objects or evaluators, playing or any other behaviours that may affect scoring. If one side (left or right) seems differently affected, score the more severely affected side.

2D) Forelimb range of motion



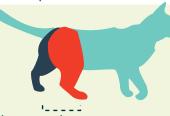
Wide distance between forepaws



Forelimb can stretch further Smaller steps taken



Forelimb barely stretches forward Small steps taken



Small steps taken Small distance between hindpaws



Wide and very noticeable gap between hind- and forepaw, hindpaw steps a large distance from where forepaw was





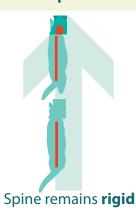
Very small or no gap between hindand forepaw, hindpaw almost steps into place of forepaw

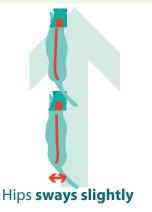


and forepaw, hindpaw does not step into place of forepaw



-assess from behind while cat in motion

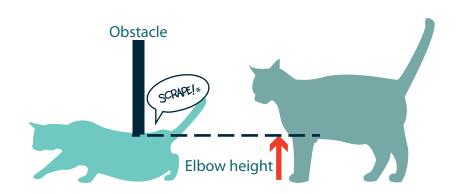






3. Obstacles Encourage cat to pass under overhead obstacle (cat's elbow height) and jump from table height (approx. 76 cm) DO NOT physically push or pull cat by leash or collar or startle it. Use of treats or food is recommended.

Difficulty passing under obstacle



Speed:	Run	Fast walk	Slow walk	Crawl
Willingness:	Immediate	1-2s pause	2-5s pause	>5s pause

Score 1

Scrape loudness*: No sound Moderate Slight Loud

Right after throwing treat under overhead obstacle:

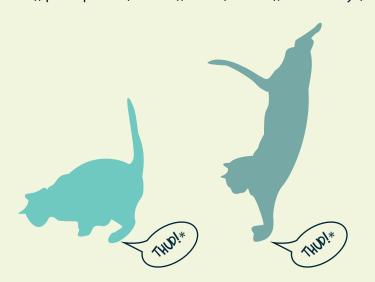
Score 0

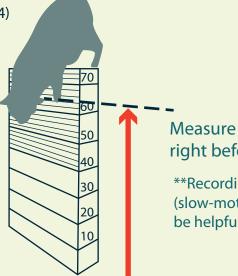
Speed = pace used to chase after treat Willingness = reaction time to chase after treat and go under obstacle Scrape loudness = sound of cat's back sccratching against obstacle as it goes under

Give score of 4 to each item if cat refuses to attempt

Jumping from raised obstacle

*Assess loudness of landing for front and back feet: not perceptible (score 0), perceptible (score 1), loud (score 3), did not try (score 4)





Measure height of cat's paw from ground right before jump**

Score 2

Score 3

**Recording and reviewing video footage (slow-motion feature) from a smart phone may be helpful.